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TITLE OF INVENTION

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROCESSING AUDIO-ONLY PROGRAMS IN A TELEVISION RECEIVER

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Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☒ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. ☒ A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
 - a. ☒ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☒ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☐ A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. ☐ A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).
8. ☐ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
 - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. ☐ have not been made and will not be made.
9. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10. ☐ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).
11. ☒ A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).
12. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).

Items 13 to 18 below concern document(s) or information included:

13. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. *w/nine (9) refs.*
14. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15. ☒ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
16. ☐ A substitute specification.
17. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
18. ☒ Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
19. ☒ Other items or information: *Return Receipt Postcard*

0 SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROCESSING AUDIO-ONLY PROGRAMS

FIELD OF INVENTION

- This invention generally relates to the field of electronic program guide processing and more particularly, to a system and method
- 5 for processing a program indicated by its program description information to be an audio-only program.

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

- Electronic devices such as televisions and personal computers
- 10 (PC) require a control system that includes a user interface system. Typically, a user interface provides information to a user and simplifies use of the device. One example of a user interface is an Electronic Program Guide (EPG) in a television system.

- An EPG is an interactive, on-screen display feature that
- 15 displays information analogous to TV listings found in local newspapers or other print media. In addition, an EPG also includes information necessary for collating and decoding programs. An EPG provides information about each program within the time frames covered by the EPG which typically ranges from the next hour up to seven days. The
- 20 information contained in an EPG includes programming characteristics such as channel number, program title, start time, end time, elapsed time, time remaining, rating (if available), topic, theme, and a brief description of the program's content. EPGs are usually arranged in a two-dimensional table or grid format with time information on one axis and channel
- 25 information on the other axis.

Unlike non-interactive guides that reside on a dedicated channel and merely scroll through the current programming on the other channels for the next 2 to 3 hours, EPGs allow viewers to select any channel at any time during some period into the future, e.g., up to seven

other channels for the next 2 to 3 hours, EPGs allow viewers to select any channel at any time during some period into the future, e.g., up to seven days forward. Further EPG features include the ability to highlight individual cells of the grid containing program information.

- 5 Once highlighted, the viewer can perform functions pertaining to that selected program. For instance, the viewer could instantly switch to that program if it is currently being aired. Viewers could also program one touch video cassette recording (VCR) or the like if the television is properly configured and connected to a recording device.
- 10 Such EPGs are known in the art and described, for instance, in US Pat. Nos. 5,353,121; 5,479,268; and 5,479,266 issued to Young et al. and assigned to StarSight Telecast, Inc.

- In addition, US Pat. No. 5,515,106, issued to Chaney et al., and assigned to the same assignee of the present invention, describes
- 15 in detail an exemplary embodiment including data packet structure necessary to implement an exemplary program guide system. The exemplary data packet structure is designed so that both the channel information (e.g., channel name, call letters, channel number, type, etc.) and the program description information (e.g., content, title,
- 20 rating, star, etc.) relating to a program may be transmitted from a program guide database provider to a receiving apparatus efficiently.

- Also, as discussed in the Chaney patent, it is envisioned that various types of programs will be available to users, including, for example, video and audio program, audio-only program, video-
- 25 only program or data type program such as an executable computer program or email. In order to uniquely identify the different types of programs mentioned above, a "class" field, for example, is designated in the program guide packet structure to indicate the type of program to be transmitted. The "class" field may be, for example, "audio-

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video", "audio", "video" or "data", corresponding respectively to the types of programs described above.

D1, US 5,585,866, discloses a receiver capable of receiving both an audiovisual and an audio-only program. The receiver in D1 is able to

5 play a received audio-only program while displaying non-moving, associated program text data on the receiver's display. Of course, various methods for generating graphics, including animated graphics, on a display are well know in the art. For example, various methods are disclosed in D2, an article by Richard G. Shroup, entitled "Color Table Animation," in the Proc. 10 Of Annual Conference on Computer Graphics and Interact. Tech. (SIGGRAPH '79), 6th; Chicao, IL, USA, Aug. 8-10, 1979., Vol. 13, no.2, Aug. 1979, pages 8-13, XP002075128, Comput. Graphics (ACM) Aug. 1979. However, references D1 and D2, either alone or combined, do not teach or suggest that it is desirable to display pre-stored animated pictures either 15 automatically or in response to a user request, when an audio-only program is activated. The animated picture may serve as additional entertainment to a user and/or function as a screen saver to prevent screen burn.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

20 Therefore, the present inventors recognize that it is desirable to be able to process each type of programs differently depending on the associated program description received in the program guide information. In particular, the present inventors recognize that it is advantageous to provide animated image on a screen, so that a user may be better 25 entertained visually and/or serve as a screen saver when an audio-only program is played.

Hence, in accordance with aspects of the invention, an apparatus for processing a first type of program having both audio and video content and 30 a second type of program having audio-only content, characterized in that: memory means for storing display information representing an animated image;

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control means for determining whether a selected program is the first type of program having both audio and video content or the second type of program having audio-only content; and the control means causes the playing of the audio content and displaying of the video content when

- 5 the selected program is a first type of program and causes the playing of the audio-only content and displaying of the animated image when the selected program is a second type of program.

Also, a method for processing a first type of program having both
10 audio and video content and a second type of program having audio-only content, characterized in that:

- storing display information representing an animated image;
determining whether a selected program is the first type of
program having both audio and video content or the second type of program
15 having audio-only content;
causing the playing of the audio content and displaying of the
video content when the selected program is a first type of program; and
causing the playing of the audio-only content and displaying of
the animated image when the selected program is a second type of
20 program."

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the drawing:

- Fig. 1 shows an example of a television system suitable for
25 processing various types of programs, including audio-only programs
and associated program description information in accordance with the
present invention.

Fig. 2. shows an example of a digital video processing apparatus
suitable for processing various types of programs, including audio-only
30 programs and associated program description information in accordance
with the present invention.

Fig. 3 shows a block diagram of a specific implementation of a
digital satellite system suitable for processing audio-only programs and

associated program description information in accordance with the present invention.

Fig. 4 shows an example of a program guide being displayed.

Fig. 5 shows a flowchart, in accordance with the present

- 5 invention for processing user inputs and audio-only programs according to the present invention.

Fig. 6 shows an example of an animation screen.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

- 10 Fig. 1 shows an example of a television system suitable for processing various types of programs, including audio-only programs

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and associated program guide information in accordance with the present invention. The television receiver shown in Fig. 1 is capable of processing both analog NTSC television signals and internet information. The system shown in FIG. 1 has a first input 1100 for receiving television signal RF_IN at RF frequencies and a second input 1102 for receiving baseband television signal VIDEO IN. Signal RF_IN may be supplied from a source such as an antenna or cable system while signal VIDEO IN may be supplied, for example, by a video cassette recorder (VCR). Tuner 1105 and IF processor 1130 operate in a conventional manner for tuning and demodulating a particular television signal that is included in signal RF_IN. IF processor 1130 produces baseband video signal VIDEO representing the video program portion of the tuned television signal. IF processor 1130 also produces a baseband audio signal that is coupled to an audio processing section (not shown in FIG. 1) for further audio processing. Although FIG. 1 shows input 1102 as a baseband signal, the television receiver could include a second tuner and IF processor similar to units 1105 and 1130 for producing a second baseband video signal from either signal RF_IN or from a second RF signal source.

The system shown in FIG. 1 also includes a main microprocessor (mP) 1110 for controlling components of the television receiver such as tuner 1105, picture-in-picture processing unit 1140, video signal processor 1155, and StarSight® data processing module 1160. As used herein, the term "microprocessor" represents various devices including, but not limited to, microprocessors, microcomputers, microcontrollers and controllers. Microprocessor 1110 controls the system by sending and receiving both commands and data via serial data bus I²C BUS which utilizes the well-known I²C serial data bus protocol. More specifically,

central processing unit (CPU) 1112 within mP 1110 executes control programs contained within memory, such as EEPROM 1127 shown in FIG. 1, in response to commands provided by a user, e.g., via IR remote control 1125 and IR receiver 1122. For example, activation of a "CHANNEL UP" feature on remote control 1125 causes CPU 1112 to send a "change channel" command along with channel data to tuner 1105 via I²C BUS. As a result, tuner 1105 tunes the next channel in the channel scan list. Another example of a control program stored in EEPROM 1127 is software for implementing the operations shown in Fig. 5 to be discussed below and in accordance with the present invention.

Main microprocessor 1110 also controls the operation of a communications interface unit 1113 for providing the capability to upload and download information to and from the internet.

Communication interface unit 1113 includes, for example, a modem for connecting to an internet service provider, e.g., via a telephone line or via a cable television line. The communication capability allows the system shown in Figure 1 to provide email capability and internet related features such as web browsing in addition to receiving television programming.

CPU 1112 controls functions included within mP 1110 via bus 1119 within mP 1110. In particular, CPU 1112 controls auxiliary data processor 1115 and on-screen display (OSD) processor 1117. Auxiliary data processor 1115 extracts auxiliary data such as

StarSight[®] data from video signal PIPV.

StarSight[®] data which provides program guide data information in a known format is typically received only on a particular television channel and the television receiver must tune that channel to extract StarSight[®] data. To prevent StarSight[®] data

extraction from interfering with normal use of the television receiver, CPU 1112 initiates StarSight® data extraction by tuning the particular channel only during a time period when the television receiver is usually not in use (e.g., 2:00 AM). At that time, CPU 1112 configures decoder 1115 such that auxiliary data is extracted from horizontal line intervals such as line 16 that are used for StarSight® data. CPU 1112 controls the transfer of extracted StarSight® data from decoder 1115 via I²C BUS to StarSight® module 1160. A processor internal to the module formats and stores the data in memory within the module. In response to the StarSight® EPG display being activated (e.g., a user activating a particular key on remote control 125), CPU 1112 transfers formatted StarSight® EPG display data from StarSight® module 1160 via I²C BUS to OSD processor 1117.

OSD processor 1117 operates in a conventional manner to produce R, G, and B video signals OSD_RGB that, when coupled to a displayed device (not shown), will produce a displayed image representing on-screen display information such as on-screen graphics and/or text in according to a flow chart shown in Fig. 5 and to be described later. OSD processor 1117 also produces control signal Fast-Switch (FSW) which is intended to control a fast switch for inserting signals OSD_RGB into the system's video output signal at times when an on-screen display is to be displayed. Therefore, when a user enables the animation feature of the present invention to be described later, OSD processor 1117 produces the corresponding signals OSD_RGB representing the on-screen display information previously stored or programmed in the memory 1127. For example, when a user enables an EPG, e.g., by activating a particular switch on remote control 1125, CPU 1112 enables processor 1117. In response, processor 1117 produces signals OSD_RGB representing the program

guide data information previously extracted and already stored in memory, as discussed above. Processor 1117 also produces signal FSW indicating when the EPG is to be displayed.

- Video signal processor (VSP) 1155 performs conventional
- 5 video signal processing functions, such as luma and chroma processing. Output signals produced by VSP 1155 are suitable for coupling to a display device, e.g., a kinescope or LCD device (not shown in FIG. 1), for producing a displayed image. VSP 1155 also includes a fast switch for coupling signals produced by OSD processor
- 10 1117 to the output video signal path at times when graphics and/or text is to be included in the displayed image. The fast switch is controlled by control signal FSW which is generated by OSD processor 1117 in main microprocessor 1110 at times when text and/or graphics are to be displayed.
- 15 The input signal for VSP 1155 is signal PIPV that is output by picture-in-picture (PIP) processor 1140. When a user activates PIP mode, signal PIPV represents a large picture (large pix) into which a small picture (small pix) is inset. When PIP mode is inactive, signal PIPV represents just the large pix, i.e., no small pix signal is
- 20 included in signal PIPV. PIP processor 1140 provides the described functionality in a conventional manner using features included in unit 1140 such as a video switch, analog-to-digital converter (ADC), RAM, and digital to analog converter (DAC).

- As mentioned above, the display data included in the EPG
- 25 display is produced by OSD processor 1117 and included in the output signal by VSP 1155 in response to fast switch signal FSW. When controller 1110 detects activation of the EPG display, e.g., when a user presses an appropriate key on remote control 1125, controller 1110 causes OSD processor 1117 to produce the EPG display using

information such as program guide data from StarSight® module 1160. Controller 1110 causes VSP 1155 to combine the EPG display data from OSD processor 1117 and the video image signal in response to signal FSW to produce a display including EPG. The EPG can occupy
5 all or only a portion of the display area.

When the EPG display is active, controller 1110 executes a control program stored in EEPROM 1127. The control program monitors the location of a position indicator, such as a cursor and/or highlighting, in the EPG display. A user controls the location of the
10 position indicator using direction and selection keys of remote control 1125. Alternatively, the system could include a mouse device. Controller 1110 detects activation of a selection device, such as clicking a mouse button, and evaluates current cursor location information in conjunction with EPG data being displayed to
15 determine the function desired, e.g., tuning a particular program. Controller 1110 subsequently activates the control action associated with the selected feature.

An exemplary embodiment of the features of the system shown in FIG. 1 that have been described thus far comprises an
20 ST9296 microprocessor produced by SGS-Thomson Microelectronics for providing the features associated with mP 1110; an M65616 picture-in-picture processor produced by Mitsubishi for providing the described basic PIP functionality associated with PIP processor 1140; and an LA7612 video signal processor produced by Sanyo for
25 providing the functions of VSP 1155.

Fig. 2 shows another example of an electronic device capable of processing various types of programs including audio-only programs and the associated program guide in accordance with the present invention. As described below, the system shown in Figure 2

is an MPEG compatible system for receiving MPEG encoded transport streams representing broadcast programs. However, the system shown in Figure 2 is exemplary only. User interface systems are also applicable to other types of digital signal processing devices including

5 non-MPEG compatible systems, involving other types of encoded datastreams. For example, other devices include digital video disc (DVD) systems and MPEG program streams, and systems combining computer and television functions such as the so-called "PCTV".

Further, although the system described below is described as

10 processing broadcast programs, this is exemplary only. The term 'program' is used to represent any form of packetized data such as telephone messages, computer programs, internet data or other communications, for example.

In overview, in the video receiver system of Figure 2, a

15 carrier modulated with video data is received by antenna 10 and processed by unit 15. The resultant digital output signal is demodulated by demodulator 20 and decoded by decoder 30. The output from decoder 30 is processed by transport system 25 which is responsive to commands from remote control unit 125. System 25

20 provides compressed data outputs for storage, further decoding, or communication to other devices.

Video and audio decoders 85 and 80 respectively, decode the compressed data from system 25 to provide outputs for display. Data port 75 provides an interface for communication of the

25 compressed data from system 25 to other devices such as a computer or High Definition Television (HDTV) receiver, for example. Storage device 90 stores the compressed data from system 25 on storage medium 105. Device 90, in a playback mode also supports retrieval of the compressed data from storage medium 105 for processing by

system 25 for decoding, communication to other devices or storage on a different storage medium (not shown to simplify drawing).

Considering Figure 2 in detail, a carrier modulated with video data received by antenna 10, is converted to digital form and processed by input processor 15. Processor 15 includes radio frequency (RF) tuner and intermediate frequency (IF) mixer and amplification stages for down-converting the input video signal to a lower frequency band suitable for further processing. The resultant digital output signal is demodulated by demodulator 20 and decoded by decoder 30. The output from decoder 30 is further processed by transport system 25.

Multiplexer (mux) 37 of service detector 33 is provided, via selector 35, with either the output from decoder 30, or the decoder 30 output further processed by a descrambling unit 40.

Descrambling unit 40 may be, for example, a removable unit such as a smart card in accordance with ISO 7816 and NRSS (National Renewable Security Standards) Committee standards (the NRSS removable conditional access system is defined in EIA Draft Document IS-679, Project PN-3639). Selector 35 detects the presence of an insertable, compatible, descrambling card and provides the output of unit 40 to mux 37 only if the card is currently inserted in the video receiver unit. Otherwise selector 35 provides the output from decoder 30 to mux 37. The presence of the insertable card permits unit 40 to descramble additional premium program channels, for example, and provide additional program services to a viewer. It should be noted that in the preferred embodiment NRSS unit 40 and smart card unit 130 (smart card unit 130 is discussed later) share the same system 25 interface such that only either an NRSS card or a smart card may be inserted at any one time. However, the interfaces may also be separate to allow parallel operation.

The data provided to mux 37 from selector 35 is in the form of an MPEG compliant packetized transport datastream as defined in MPEG systems standard section 2.4 and includes program guide information and the data content of one or more program channels. The individual packets that comprise particular program channels are identified by Packet Identifiers (PIDs). The transport stream contains Program Specific Information (PSI) for use in identifying the PIDs and assembling individual data packets to recover the content of all the program channels that comprise the packetized datastream. Transport system 25, under the control of the system controller 115, acquires and collates program guide information from the input transport stream, storage device 90 or an internet service provider via the communication interface unit 116. The individual packets that comprise either particular program channel content or Program Guide information, are identified by their Packet Identifiers (PIDs) contained within header information. As discussed above, the program description contained in the program guide information may comprise different program descriptive fields such as title, star, rating, etc., relating to a program.

The user interface incorporated in the video receiver shown in Figure 2 enables a user to activate various features by selecting a desired feature from an on-screen display (OSD) menu. The OSD menu may include an electronic program guide (EPG) as described above and other features discussed below.

Data representing information displayed in the OSD menu is generated by system controller 115 in response to stored on-screen display (OSD) information representing text/graphics, stored program guide information, and/or program guide and text/graphics information received via the input signal as described above and in accordance with an exemplary control program to be shown in Fig. 5

and to be discussed below. The software control program in Fig. 5 may be stored, for example, in embedded memory (not shown) of system controller 115.

Using remote control unit 125 (or other selection means
5 such as a mouse) a user can select from the OSD menu items such as a program to be viewed, a program to be stored, the type of storage media and manner of storage. System controller 115 uses the selection information, provided via interface 120, to configure system 25 to select the programs for storage and display and to generate PSI
10 suitable for the selected storage device and media. Controller 115 configures system 25 elements 45, 47, 50, 55, 65 and 95 by setting control register values within these elements via a data bus and by selecting signal paths via muxes 37 and 110 with control signal C.

In response to control signal C, mux 37 selects either, the
15 transport stream from unit 35, or in a playback mode, a datastream retrieved from storage device 90 via store interface 95. In normal, non-playback operation, the data packets comprising the program that the user selected to view are identified by their PIDs by selection unit 45. If an encryption indicator in the header data of the selected
20 program packets indicates the packets are encrypted, unit 45 provides the packets to decryption unit 50. Otherwise unit 45 provides non-encrypted packets to transport decoder 55. Similarly, the data packets comprising the programs that the user selected for storage are identified by their PIDs by selection unit 47. Unit 47
25 provides encrypted packets to decryption unit 50 or non-encrypted packets to mux 110 based on the packet header encryption indicator information.

The functions of decryptors 40 and 50 may be
implemented in a single removable smart card which is compatible
30 with the NRSS standard. This approach places all security related

functions in one removable unit that can easily be replaced if a service provider decides to change encryption technique or to permit easily changing the security system, e.g., to descramble a different service.

- 5 Units 45 and 47 employ PID detection filters that match the PIDs of incoming packets provided by mux 37 with PID values pre-loaded in control registers within units 45 and 47 by controller 115. The pre-loaded PIDs are used in units 47 and 45 to identify the data packets that are to be stored and the data packets that are to be
- 10 decoded for use in providing a video image. The pre-loaded PIDs are stored in look-up tables in units 45 and 47. The PID look-up tables are memory mapped to encryption key tables in units 45 and 47 that associate encryption keys with each pre-loaded PID. The memory mapped PID and encryption key look-up tables permit units 45 and
- 15 47 to match encrypted packets containing a pre-loaded PID with associated encryption keys that permit their decryption. Non-encrypted packets do not have associated encryption keys. Units 45 and 47 provide both identified packets and their associated encryption keys to decryptor 50. The PID look-up table in unit 45 is
- 20 also memory mapped to a destination table that matches packets containing pre-loaded PIDs with corresponding destination buffer locations in packet buffer 60. The encryption keys and destination buffer location addresses associated with the programs selected by a user for viewing or storage are pre-loaded into units 45 and 47 along
- 25 with the assigned PIDs by controller 115. The encryption keys are generated by ISO 7816-3 compliant smart card system 130 from encryption codes extracted from the input datastream. The generation of the encryption keys is subject to customer entitlement determined from coded information in the input data stream and/or
- 30 pre-stored on the insertable smart card itself (International

Standards Organization document ISO 7816-3 of 1989 defines the interface and signal structures for a smart card system).

- The packets provided by units 45 and 47 to unit 50 are encrypted using an encryption technique such as the Data Encryption Standard (DES) defined in Federal Information Standards (FIPS) Publications 46, 74 and 81 provided by the National Technical Information Service, Department of Commerce. Unit 50 decrypts the encrypted packets using corresponding encryption keys provided by units 45 and 47 by applying decryption techniques appropriate for the selected encryption algorithm. The decrypted packets from unit 50 and the non-encrypted packets from unit 45 that comprise the program for display are provided to decoder 55. The decrypted packets from unit 50 and the non-encrypted packets from unit 47 that comprise the program for storage are provided to mux 110.
- Unit 60 contains four packet buffers accessible by controller 115. One of the buffers is assigned to hold data destined for use by controller 115 and the other three buffers are assigned to hold packets that are destined for use by application devices 75, 80 and 85. Access to the packets stored in the four buffers within unit 60 by both controller 115 and by application interface 70 is controlled by buffer control unit 65. Unit 45 provides a destination flag to unit 65 for each packet identified by unit 45 for decoding. The flags indicate the individual unit 60 destination locations for the identified packets and are stored by control unit 65 in an internal memory table. Control unit 65 determines a series of read and write pointers associated with packets stored in buffer 60 based on the First-In-First-Out (FIFO) principle. The write pointers in conjunction with the destination flags permit sequential storage of an identified packet from units 45 or 50 in the next empty location within the appropriate destination buffer in unit 60. The read pointers permit

sequential reading of packets from the appropriate unit 60 destination buffers by controller 115 and application interface 70.

- The non-encrypted and decrypted packets provided by units 45 and 50 to decoder 55 contain a transport header as defined by section 2.4.3.2 of the MPEG systems standard. Decoder 55 determines from the transport header whether the non-encrypted and decrypted packets contain an adaptation field (per the MPEG systems standard). The adaptation field contains timing information including, for example, Program Clock References (PCRs) that permit synchronization and decoding of content packets. Upon detection of a timing information packet, that is a packet containing an adaptation field, decoder 55 signals controller 115, via an interrupt mechanism by setting a system interrupt, that the packet has been received. In addition, decoder 55 changes the timing packet destination flag in unit 65 and provides the packet to unit 60. By changing the unit 65 destination flag, unit 65 diverts the timing information packet provided by decoder 55 to the unit 60 buffer location assigned to hold data for use by controller 115, instead of an application buffer location.
- Upon receiving the system interrupt set by decoder 55, controller 115 reads the timing information and PCR value and stores it in internal memory. PCR values of successive timing information packets are used by controller 115 to adjust the system 25 master clock (27 MHz). The difference between PCR based and master clock based estimates of the time interval between the receipt of successive timing packets, generated by controller 115, is used to adjust the system 25 master clock. Controller 115 achieves this by applying the derived time estimate difference to adjust the input control voltage of a voltage controlled oscillator used to generate the master clock.

Controller 115 resets the system interrupt after storing the timing information in internal memory.

Packets received by decoder 55 from units 45 and 50 that contain program content including audio, video, caption, and

- 5 other information, are directed by unit 65 from decoder 55 to the designated application device buffers in packet buffer 60.
- Application control unit 70 sequentially retrieves the audio, video, caption and other data from the designated buffers in buffer 60 and provides the data to corresponding application devices 75, 80 and 85.
- 10 The application devices comprise audio and video decoders 80 and 85 and high speed data port 75. For example, packet data are processed according to the type of program in accordance to a flow chart shown in Fig. 5 to be discussed later. Also, packet data corresponding to a composite program guide generated by the controller 115 as
- 15 described above, may be transported to the video decoder 85 for formatting into video signal suitable for display on a monitor (not shown) connected to the video decoder 85. Also, for example, data port 75 may be used to provide high speed data such as computer programs, for example, to a computer. Alternatively, port 75 may be
- 20 used to output data to an HDTV decoder to display images corresponding to a selected program or a program guide, for example.

- 25 Packets that contain PSI information are recognized by unit 45 as destined for the controller 115 buffer in unit 60. The PSI packets are directed to this buffer by unit 65 via units 45, 50 and 55 in a similar manner to that described for packets containing program content. Controller 115 reads the PSI from unit 60 and stores it in internal memory.

- 30 Controller 115 also generates condensed PSI (CPSI) from the stored PSI and incorporates the CPSI in a packetized datastream suitable for storage on a selectable storage medium. The packet

identification and direction is governed by controller 115 in conjunction with the unit 45 and unit 47 PID, destination and encryption key look-up tables and control unit 65 functions in the manner previously described.

5 In addition, controller 115 is coupled to a communication interface unit 116 that operates in a manner similar to interface unit 1113 in Figure 1. That is, unit 116 provides the capability to upload and download information to and from the internet. Communication interface unit 116 includes, for example, a modem for connecting to
 10 an internet service provider, e.g., via a telephone line or via a cable television line. The communication capability allows the system shown in Figure 2 to provide email capability and internet related features such as web browsing in addition to receiving television programming.

15 Fig. 3 is a specific implementation of an electronic device generally shown in Fig. 2 and described in detail above. Fig. 3 represents a satellite receiver set-top box, designed and manufactured by Thomson Consumer Electronics, of Indianapolis, Indiana, USA, for receiving DirectTV™ satellite service provided by
 20 Hughes Electronics.

As shown in Fig. 3, the set-top box has a tuner 301 which receives and tunes applicable satellite RF signals in the range of 950-1450 Mhz from a satellite antenna 317. The tuned analog signals are outputted to a link module 302 for further processing. Link module
 25 302 is responsible for further processing of the analog tuned signals L_out and Q_out from tuner 301, including filtering and conditioning of the analog signals, and conversion of the analog signals into a digital output signal, DATA. The link module 302 is implemented as an integrated circuit (IC). The link module IC is manufactured by

SGS-Thomson Microelectronics of Grenoble, France, and has Part No. ST 15339-610.

The digital output, DATA, from the link module 302 consists of compliant packetized data stream recognized and
5 processable by the transport unit 303. The datastream, as discussed in detail in relation to Fig. 2, includes program guide data information and the data content of one or more program channels of the satellite broadcast service from DirecTV™. As discussed above, program guide data contains information relating to the what type of program (e.g.,
10 audio-only, video-only, etc) as indicated, for example, by the "class" type.

The function of the transport unit 303 is the same as the transport system 25 shown in Fig. 2 and discussed already. As described above, the transport unit 303, processes the packetized
15 datastream according to the Packet Identifiers (PID) contained in the header information. The processed datastream are then formatted into MPEG compatible, compressed audio and video packets and coupled to a MPEG decoder 304 for further processing.

The transport unit 303 is controlled by an Advanced RISC
20 Microprocessor (ARM) 315 which is a RISC based microprocessor. The ARM processor 315 executes control software residing in ROM 308. One component of the software may be, for example, a control program shown in Fig. 5 for processing programs according to their program type in accordance with aspects of the present invention as
25 will be discussed below.

The transport unit 303 may be implemented as an integrated circuit. For example, a preferred embodiment of the transport unit is an IC manufactured by SGS-Thomson Microelectronics having Part No. ST 15273-810 or 15103-65C.

The MPEG compatible, compressed audio and video packets from the transport unit 303 are delivered to a MPEG decoder 304. The MPEG decoder decodes the compressed MPEG datastream from the transport unit 303. The decoder 304 then outputs the applicable audio stream which can be further processed by the audio digital-to-analog converter (DAC) 305 to convert the digital audio data into analog sound. The decoder 304 also outputs applicable digital video data which represents image pixel information to a NTSC encoder 306. The NTSC encoder 306 then further processes this video data into NTSC compatible analog video signal so that video images may be displayed on a regular NTSC television screen. An example of a preferred embodiment of the MPEG decoder is an IC manufactured by SGS-Thomson Microelectronics having Part No. ST I3520.

Included in the MPEG IC 304 is an OSD processor 320. The OSD processor 320 reads data from SDRAM 316 which contains stored OSD information. OSD information corresponds to bitmap OSD graphics/text images. The OSD processor 320 is capable of varying the color of each pixel of an OSD image under the control of the ARM microprocessor 315 in a conventional manner.

The OSD processor 320 is also responsible for generating an exemplary program guide as shown in Fig. 4 under the control of the ARM processor 315. In our exemplary embodiment, upon detecting a user request to generate a guide display, the ARM microprocessor 315 processes the program guide data information obtained from a data stream provided by a program guide information provider and formats the guide data information into OSD pixel data corresponding to a full "grid guide" as shown in Fig. 4. The OSD pixel data from the transport unit 303 is then forwarded to OSD

processor 320 in the MPEG audio/video decoder 304 for generating the guide image, as described before.

As shown in Fig. 4, the "grid guide" 400 typically occupies the whole screen of a display. The grid guide 400 shows a program schedule in a time-and-channel format, similar to a TV schedule listed in a newspaper. In particular, one dimension (e.g., horizontal) of the guide shows the time information while the other dimension (e.g., vertical) of the guide shows the channel information. The time information is conveyed to the user by having a time line 401 on the top portion of the guide and is demarked by half hour intervals. The channel information is conveyed to the user by channel numbers 410 - 416 and corresponding channel station names 420 - 426.

In addition, the program guide 400 contains icons Internet 450 and Email 460. By clicking on these icons, a user can surf the internet and send/receive email respectively through the communication interface unit 307. In addition, an internet web site icon may also be incorporated into a grid of a program guide. For example, by clicking on "ESPN.com" within grid 470, the user will automatically be linked to, for example, an ESPN web site.

Additional relevant functional blocks of Fig. 3 includes modem 307 which corresponds to the communication interface unit 116 shown in Fig. 2 for access to the internet, for example. Conditional Access Module (CAM) 309, corresponds to the NRSS decryption unit 130 shown in Fig. 2 for providing conditional access information. Wideband data module 310 corresponds to High Speed Data Port 75 shown in Fig. 2 for providing high speed data access to, for example, a HDTV decoder or a computer. A keyboard/IR Receiver module 312 corresponds to Remote Unit interface 120 shown in Fig. 2 for receiving user control commands from a user control unit 314.

Digital AV bus module 313 corresponds to I/O port 100 shown in Fig. 2 for connection to an external device such as a VCR or a DVD player.

Figs. 5 shows the flow chart of an exemplary control program which may be executed by either the CPU 1112 of Fig. 1, Controller 115 of Fig. 2, or ARM microprocessor 315 of Fig. 3 to implement the features according to aspects of the present invention. A person skilled in the art would readily recognize that the control program in Fig. 5 when executed by any one of the systems described in Figs. 1-3 will provide the same features in accordance with the present invention. Therefore, to avoid redundancy, the control program shown in Fig. 5 will be described below only with respect to the exemplary hardware implementation shown in Fig. 3.

As shown at step 510 and as discussed above, on-screen display information representing graphics/text images to be displayed according to aspects of the present invention is typically preprogrammed and already stored in, for example, the SDRAM 316. The system shown in Fig. 3 also processes and stores program description information contained in the program guide data for each of the programs described in the program guide data, as shown at step 515. In particular, the "class" information which indicates the type (e.g., audio-only, video-only, audio-video, data, etc.) of program, is retrieved and stored in DRAM 316 by ARM processor 315.

At step 520, a user may select a program from the program guide shown in Fig. 4, for example, by highlighting the grid containing the program, using a user control unit 314 of the system shown in Fig.3. As an example, as shown in Fig. 4, the user has selected the program "SONG 1" in grid 430 by highlighting it.

Once a program is selected, the ARM processor 315 will determine if the selected program is an audio-only program as shown at step 525. As described before, the ARM program determines this

by examining the “class” information contained in the program guide data for this selected program. If the ARM processor 315 determines that this program is not an audio-only program, but is for example, a program having simultaneous audio and video information, the ARM processor 315 will then process this program as normal, by simultaneously displaying the received video and playing the received audio portion of the program, as shown at step 530.

On the other hand, if the ARM processor, at step 525, determines that the received program is an audio-only program, the ARM processor 315 will further determine if an animation feature has been previously selected by the user, as shown at step 535. If the ARM processor determines that the user has not preselected the animation feature, the ARM processor will play the received audio program and display only a blank or blue screen, as shown at step 540. If on the other hand, the ARM processor 315 determines that the user has preselected the animation feature and the selected program is an audio-only program, then the ARM processor will proceed to step 545.

At step 545, the ARM processor 315 will instruct the OSD processor 320 to retrieve preprogrammed OSD information for implementing the animation feature according to the present invention from memory 316. The ARM processor 315 will also instruct the OSD processor 320 to display the OSD information on a display 600 as shown in Fig. 6.

The OSD information in our exemplary embodiment corresponds to a screen having a plurality of screen elements 601-606. The screen elements in this case are, for example, a series of paw prints 601-606. The ARM processor will also instruct the OSD processor 320 to display associated program descriptive information contained in the program guide information about this audio-only

program. For example, the program descriptive information about the content, title, artist and class type of this program are displayed on the screen 600 as shown in Fig. 6.

In addition, to achieve an animated effect of the screen elements 606-606 in our embodiment, the ARM processor will change the color scheme of the screen elements 601-606. For example, the ARM processor may instruct the OSD processor 320 to display all the paw prints 601-606 initially in the same color as the background color (e.g., blue). The OSD may then sequentially change the color of each paw print starting from paw print 601 to paw print 606 and so forth. A viewer may then have the visual effect of seeing a paw gradually stepping upward, leaving behind a trail of prints.

In addition, the same on-screen display information used in the animation feature thus described may also be used as a screen saver. For example, the ARM processor 315 may have a timer routine which keeps track of when the last user command is entered via the user control 314. If a certain time (e.g., 3 mins) has passed since the last user entry, the ARM processor will instruct the OSD processor to display the same OSD information used in the animation feature described above to prevent screen burns. This is advantageous since system resources, especially memory resources are conserved by using the same OSD information to achieve both purposes.

It is to be understood that the embodiments and variations shown and described herein are for illustrations only and that various modifications may be implemented by those skilled in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention.

19.07.99

1. An apparatus for processing a first type of program having both audio and video content and a second type of program having audio-only content,

5 characterized in that:

memory means for storing display information representing an animated image;

10 control means for determining whether a selected program is the first type of program having both audio and video content or the second type of program having audio-only content; and the control means causes the playing of the audio content and displaying of the video content when the selected program is a first type of program and causes the playing of the audio-only content and displaying of the animated image when the selected program is a second type of program.

15 2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the control means determines the type of program based on program guide information received.

20 3. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein program guide information is displayed along with the animated image.

4. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the animated image serves as a screen saver.

25 5. An apparatus for processing a first type of program having both audio and video content and a second type of program having audio-only content, characterized in that:

memory means for storing display information representing an animated image;

30 user control means for selecting a first and a second mode; control means for determining whether a selected program is the first type of program having both audio and video content or the second type of program having audio-only content; and

35 the control means causes, when the selected program is a first type of program, the playing of the audio content and displaying of the video content; and causes, when the selected program is a second type of program, in the first mode,

the playing of the audio-only content and displaying of the animated image, and in the second mode, the playing of the audio-only content and displaying of a static screen.

-
- 5 6. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein the static screen is a blank screen.
7. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein the static screen is a blue screen.
8. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein the control means determines the type
- 10 of program based on program guide information received.
9. A method for processing a first type of program having both audio and video content and a second type of program having audio-only content, characterized in that:
- 15 storing display information representing an animated image;
- determining whether a selected program is the first type of program having both audio and video content or the second type of program having audio-only content;
- causing the playing of the audio content and displaying of the video
- 20 content when the selected program is a first type of program; and
- causing the playing of the audio-only content and displaying of the animated image when the selected program is a second type of program.
10. The method of claim 9 wherein the determining step is based on program
- 25 guide information received.
11. The method of claim 9 further comprising the step of displaying program guide information along with the animated image.

27 11 19.07.99

12. A method for processing a first type of program having both audio and video content and a second type of program having audio-only content, characterized in that:

- 5 storing display information representing an animated image;
 - selecting a first and a second mode;
 - determining whether a selected program is the first type of program having both audio and video content or the second type of program having audio-only content;
 - 10 causing, when the selected program is a first type of program, the playing of the audio content and displaying of the video content;
 - and causing, when the selected program is a second type of program, in the first mode, playing of the audio-only content and displaying of the animated image, and in the second mode, playing of the audio-only content and displaying of a static screen.
- 15 13. The method of claim 12 wherein the static screen is a blank screen.
- 20 14. The method of claim 12 wherein the static screen is a blue screen.
15. The apparatus of claim 12 wherein the determining step is based on program guide information received.
- 25 16. The apparatus of claim 12 wherein the animated image serves as a screen saver.

ABSTRACT

- An apparatus and a method for processing programs indicated by the associated program description to be audio-only
- 5 programs, including the following. A respective program description for programs is received. Upon user selection of a program, a determination is made as to whether the selected program is an audio-only program. If the selected program is an audio-only program, then preprogrammed on-screen display information is
- 10 displayed while the selected audio-only program is played to provide additional visual entertainment for users.

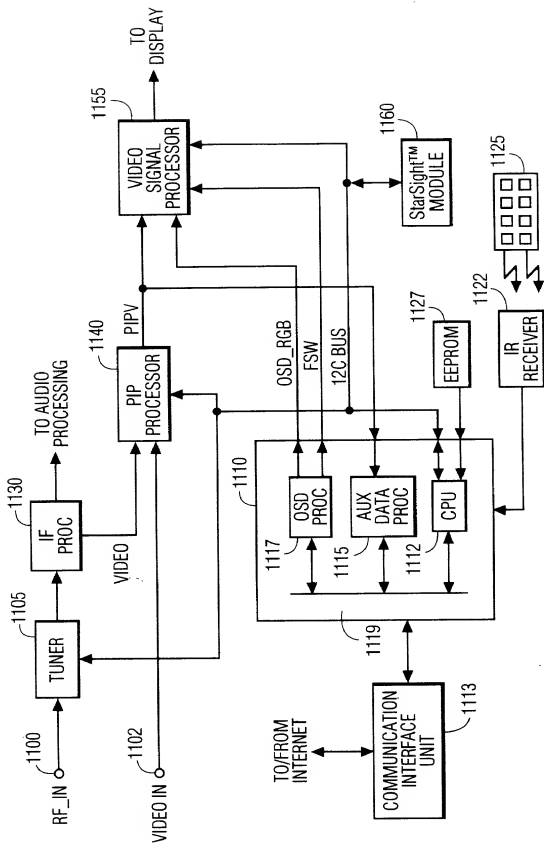


FIG. 1

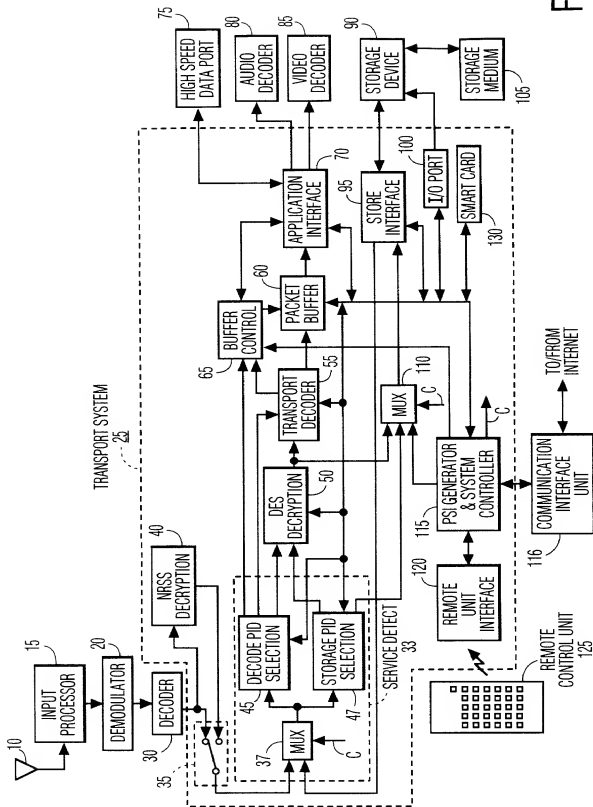


FIG. 2



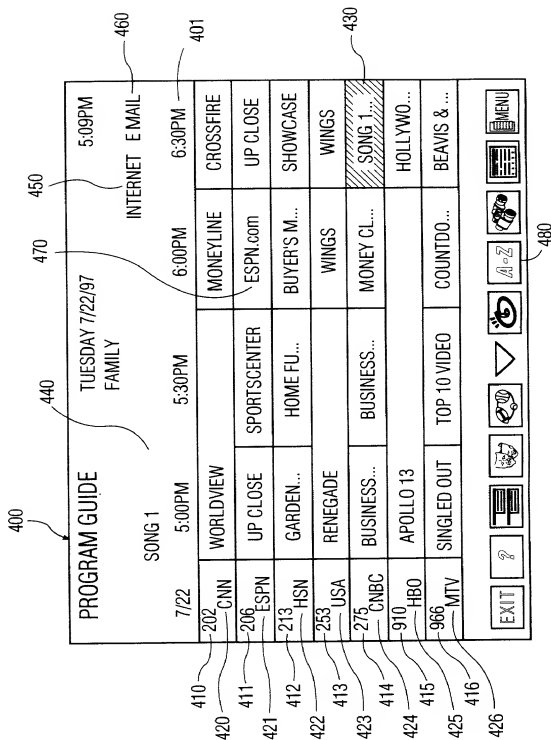


FIG. 4

5/6

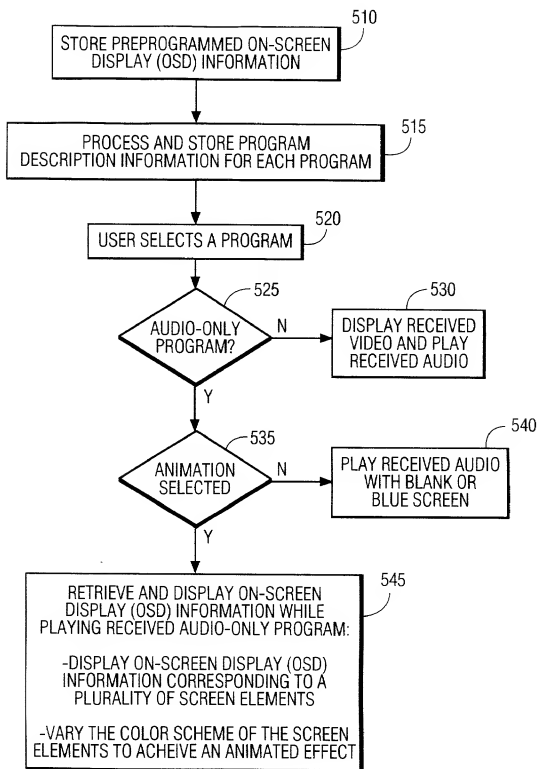


FIG. 5

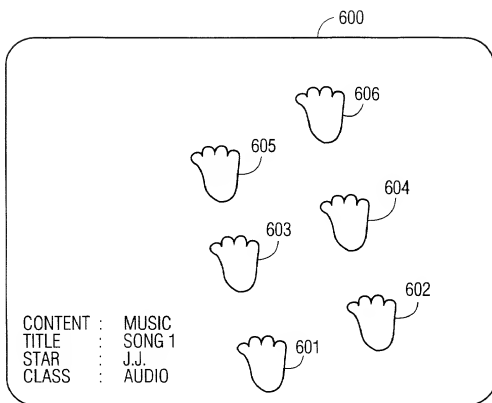


FIG. 6

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I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120 of any United States application(s), or 355(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

U.S. Parent Application or PCT Parent Number	Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Parent Patent Number (if applicable)
PCT/US98/11866	June 5, 1998	

☐ Additional U.S. or PCT international application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/026 attached hereto.

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		ZIP	46038
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☐ Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing OR ☒ Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)

Attorney Docket Number	RCA89037
First Named Inventor	Daniel R. Schneidewend
COMPLETE IF KNOWN	
Application Number	09/445,175
Filing Date	December 3, 1999
Group Art Unit	
Examiner Name	

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PROCESSING AUDIO-ONLY PROGRAMS

☐ the specification of which (Title of the invention)

☐ is attached hereto

OR

☒ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY)

December 3, 1999

as United States Application Number or PCT International

Application Number

09/445,175

and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY)

(if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

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Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	
60/048,879	June 6, 1997	<input type="checkbox"/> Additional provisional application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.

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Supplemental Sheet
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Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:		<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor					
Given Name (first and middle (if any))				Family Name or Surname			
Mark Sheridan				Westlake			
Inventor's Signature	<i>Mark Sheridan Westlake</i>					Date	3/2/00
Residence: City	Fishers	State	IN	Country	USA	Citizenship	USA
Post Office Address 11227 Knightsbridge Lane							
Post Office Address							
City	Fishers	State	IN	ZIP	46038	Country	USA
Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:		<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor					
Given Name (first and middle (if any))				Family Name or Surname			
Inventor's Signature						Date	
Residence: City		State		Country		Citizenship	
Post Office Address							
Post Office Address							
City		State		ZIP		Country	
Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:		<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor					
Given Name (first and middle (if any))				Family Name or Surname			
Inventor's Signature						Date	
Residence: City		State		Country		Citizenship	
Post Office Address							
Post Office Address							
City		State		ZIP		Country	

Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.4 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.